

No.	Terminology for referee (meaning)	Referee notification methods and actions
1	Kamaete (On guard)	Standing upright at the referee designated location right before the beginning of the match
2	Shobu Hajime (Begin the match)	At the beginning of the match, standing upright at the referee designated location
3	Ato Shibaraku (a short time left)	Announcing clearly to the competitors that 30 seconds are left before the end of the match.
4	Yame (Stop)	Swinging downward from above the head a Shuto. Suspension. End of the match, standing upright at the referee designated location
5	Moto no Ichi (Back to your position)	Competitors and referee go back to their designated locations
6	Tsuzukete (Continue)	“To continue”. Used in case of the match stopping without any notification from the referee.
7	Tsuzukete Hajime (Restart)	The referee stands upright at the referee designated location. He pulls back the right or left foot to achieve Zenkutsu, raises both arms diagonally widely and brings them in front of the body.
8	Jikan (Time)	Signaling deletion of time to the timekeeper.
9	Fukushin Shugo (Judges gather)	To call on judges by extending the arms and bending the elbows.
10	Hantei (Decision - in case of prolongation)	Standing at a location out of bounds (not specifically determined), blow a two-tone blast on the whistle (long and short) prompting judges for their decision. Blow a one-tone blast for them to lower their flags and return to the designated location within the area.
11	Hikiwake (Draw)	Crossing both arms in front of the body with the palms facing up, lower and stretch the arms diagonally.
12	Sai Shiai (Prolongation)	Announcing the beginning of the match, restart the match
13	Torimasen (Inadequate to score)	Crossing both arms in front of the body with the palms facing down, lower and stretch the arms

		diagonally.
14	Ai-uchi (Simultaneously strikes)	Joining both fists in front of the body.
15	Waza-ari	Stretch the arm horizontally to the side of the body on the side of the scoring competitor.
16	Aka (Shiro) no Kachi (Red [White] player wins)	From the belt level, raise the arm diagonally.
17	Aka (Shiro) Ippon	Specifying a winning technique, raise the arm diagonally from the belt level.
18	Hansoku Keikoku (Penalty warning)	Point the fist attached to a Shuto towards the offender.
19	Hansoku Chui (Penalty 2 <sup>nd</sup> warning)	Point the fist attached to a Shuto towards the offender. Then, point the forefinger towards the offender's abdomen.
20	Hansoku (Penalty)	Point the fist attached to a Shuto towards the offender. Then, point the forefinger towards the offender's face and announce the winning of the other competitor.
21	Jogai Chui (Out of bounds warning)	First point outside of the court and then point at the offender's abdomen.
22	Jogai (Out of bounds)	Point outside of the court and then point at the offender's face and announce the winning of the other competitor.
23	Mubobi Chui (Warning for lack of safety)	Bring the bended elbow to 45 degrees in front of the body with the forefinger raised, and then point towards the offender's abdomen.
24	Mubobi (Lack of safety)	Bring the bended elbow to 45 degrees in front of the body with the forefinger raised, point towards the offender's head and announce the winning of the other competitor.
25	Aka (Shiro) Kiken (Absence of one of the two player)	First point towards the designated position of the absent competitor, and announce the winning of the other competitor.
	Shiro (Aka) no Kachi (Winning of the other remaining competitor)	

26	Shikkaku (Disqualification)	Pointing at the disqualified competitor, announce Shikkaku strongly and simultaneously point the forefinger to outside of the court. In this case, announce the winning of the other competitor.
27	Yowai (Weak)	Swing one hand up and down.
28	Block	Make the gesture of an elbow strike.
29	Ukagai (Calling)	Raising both fists with both arms bent, stretch the elbows 45 degrees to you.

No.	Terminology for judges (meaning)	Judges notification methods (Right hand - red flag, Left hand - white)
1、	Ai-uchi	Put both flags forward horizontally
2、	Waza-ari	Put the red (white) flag horizontally to the side.
3、	Keikoku	Rotate the flag of the offender in small circles at the level of the chest.
4、	Chui	Rotate the flag of the offender in small circles above the head.
5、	Hansoku	Rotate the flag of the offender in large circles above the head.
6、	Kyogi Chushi (Suspension of the match)	Joining both flags together, rotate them in large circles above the head.
7、	Torimasen	Swing both flags crossing them.
8、	Ippon	Raise the flag diagonally.
9、	Jogai	Point at the court line of the offender with the flag and swing it up and down.
10、	Miomasen (I can't see)	Cross both flags in front of the face.
11、	Mubobi	Raise the flag by bending the elbow to 45 degrees.